



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Commissioner for Patents
United States Patent and Trademark Office
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

FOLEY AND LARDNER LLP
SUITE 500
3000 K STREET NW
WASHINGTON DC 20007

COPY MAILED

SEP 21 2009

OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Patent No. 7,479,982	: DECISION UNDER 37 CFR 1.705(d) and
Issued: January 20, 2009	: NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE
Application No. 10/612,404	: CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION
Filed: July 3, 2003	:
Dkt. No.: 035924-0109	:

This is a decision on the "REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION OF PATENT TERM ADJUSTMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.705," filed March 10, 2009. This matter is being properly treated as an application for patent term adjustment pursuant to 37 CFR 1.705(d).

The request for reconsideration of patent term adjustment (PTA) is GRANTED TO THE EXTENT INDICATED HEREIN.

The above-identified application matured into U.S. Pat. No. 7,479,982 on January 20, 2009. The patent issued with a PTA of 922 days. The request for reconsideration of patent term adjustment was timely filed within two months of the issue date of the patent. See, 37 CFR 1.705(d). Patentees request that the patent term adjustment be increased from 922 days to 1,496 days.

Patentees request reconsideration of the patent term adjustment based on the decision in Wyeth v. Dudas, 580 F. Supp. 2d 138, 88 U.S.P.Q. 2d 1538 (D.D.C. 2008). Patentees contend that pursuant to Wyeth, a PTO delay under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(A) overlaps with a delay under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B) only if the delays occur on the same day.

Patentees' calculation of adjustment asserts the following: a three year delay by the Office, pursuant to 37 CFR 1.702(b), of 932 days and the period of adjustment due to examination delay, pursuant to 37 CFR 1.702(a), of 984 days. The 932-day period is calculated based on the application having been filed under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) on July 3, 2003, and the patent having been issued on January 20, 2009. Patentees assert an applicant delay of 62 days and 42 days, or 104 days in total. Patentees assert an Office overall delay of 1,600 days, thus, presumably patentees assert an overlap of 316 days. Patentees assert that in addition to the 932-day period, they are entitled to a period of adjustment due to examination delay pursuant to 37 CFR 1.702(a) of 984 days. Thus, patentees request that the patent term adjustment be increased to 1,496 days (984 days + 932 days – 316 overlapping delays – 104 days of applicant delay).

Under 37 CFR 1.703(f), patentees are entitled to a period of patent term adjustment equal to the period of delays based on the grounds set forth in 37 CFR 1.702 reduced by the period of time equal to the period of time during which patentees failed to engage in reasonable efforts to conclude prosecution pursuant to 37 CFR 1.704. In other words, patentees are entitled to the period of Office delay reduced by the period of applicant delay.

The Office agrees that certain action was not taken within a specified time frame, and, thus, the entry of a period of adjustment of 984 days is correct. At the time of issuance of the patent, the application was pending three years and 932 days. At issue is whether patentees should accrue an additional 932 days of patent term adjustment for the Office taking in excess of three years to issue the patent as well as 984 days for Office failure to take a certain action within a specified time frame (or examination delay).

The Office contends that the period of 932 days delay in issuance of the patent overlaps with the period of 984 days of examination delay. Patentees' calculation of the period of overlap is inconsistent with the Office's interpretation of this provision. 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A) limits the adjustment of patent term, as follows:

To the extent that the periods of delay attributable to grounds specified in paragraph (1) overlap, the period of any adjustment granted under this subsection shall not exceed the actual number of days the issuance of the patent was delayed.

Likewise, 35 CFR 1.703(f) provides that:

To the extent that periods of delay attributable to the grounds specified in § 1.702 overlap, the period of adjustment granted under this section shall not exceed the actual number of days the issuance of the patent was delayed.

As explained in Explanation of 37 CFR 1.703(f) and of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Interpretation of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A), 69 Fed. Reg. 34283 (June 21, 2004), the Office interprets 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A) as permitting either patent term adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(A)(i)-(iv), or patent term adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B), but not as permitting patent term adjustment under both 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(A)(i)-(iv) and 154(b)(1)(B). Accordingly, the Office implements the overlap provision as follows:

If an application is entitled to an adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B), the entire period during which the application was pending (except for periods excluded under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B)(i)-(iii)), and not just the period beginning three years after the actual filing date of the application, is the period of delay under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B) in determining whether periods of delay overlap under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A). Thus, any days of delay for Office issuance of the patent more than 3 years after the filing date of the application, which overlap with the days of patent term adjustment accorded prior to the issuance of the patent will not result in any additional patent term adjustment. See 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B), 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A), and 37 CFR § 1.703(f). See Changes to

Implement Patent Term Adjustment Under Twenty Year Term; Final Rule, 65 Fed. Reg. 56366 (Sept. 18, 2000). See, also, Revision of Patent Term Extension and Patent Term Adjustment Provisions; Final Rule, 69 Fed. Reg. 21704 (April 22, 2004), 1282 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office 100 (May 18, 2004). See, also, Explanation of 37 CFR 1.703(f) and of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Interpretation of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A), 69 Fed. Reg. 34283 (June 21, 2004).

The current wording of § 1.703(f) was revised in response to the misinterpretation of this provision by a number of Patentees. The rule was slightly revised to more closely track the corresponding language of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A). The relevant portion differs only to the extent that the statute refers back to provisions of the statute whereas the rule refers back to sections of the rule. This was not a substantive change to the rule nor did it reflect a change of the Office's interpretation of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A). As stated in the Explanation of 37 CFR 1.703(f) and of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Interpretation of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A), the Office has consistently taken the position that if an application is entitled to an adjustment under the three-year pendency provision of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B), the entire period during which the application was pending before the Office (except for periods excluded under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B)(i)-(iii)), and not just the period beginning three years after the actual filing date of the application, is the relevant period under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B) in determining whether periods of delay "overlap" under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A).

This interpretation is consistent with the statute. Taken together the statute and rule provide that to the extent that periods of delay attributable to grounds specified in 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1) and in corresponding § 1.702 overlap, the period of adjustment granted shall not exceed the actual number of days the issuance of the patent was delayed. The grounds specified in these sections cover the A) guarantee of prompt Patent and Trademark Office responses, B) guarantee of no more than 3-year application pendency, and C) guarantee or adjustments for delays due to interference, secrecy orders and appeals. A section by section analysis of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A) specifically provides that:

Section 4402 imposes limitations on restoration of term. In general, pursuant to [35 U.S.C.] 154(b)(2)(A)-(C), total adjustments granted for restorations under [35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)] are reduced as follows: (1) To the extent that there are multiple grounds for extending the term of a patent that may exist simultaneously (e.g., delay due to a secrecy order under [35 U.S.C.] 181 and administrative delay under [35 U.S.C.] 154(b)(1)(A)), the term should not be extended for each ground of delay but only for the actual number of days that the issuance of a patent was delayed; See, 145 Cong. Rec. S14,718¹.

¹ The AIPA is title IV of the Intellectual Property and Communications Omnibus Reform Act of 1999 (S. 1948), which was incorporated and enacted as law as part of Pub. L. 106-113. The Conference Report for H.R. 3194, 106th Cong. 1st Sess. (1999), which resulted in Pub. L. 106-113, does not contain any discussion (other than the incorporated language) of S. 1948. A section-by-section analysis of S. 1948, however, was printed in the Congressional Record at the request of Senator Lott, See 145 Cong. Rec. S14,708-26 (1999) (daily ed. Nov. 17, 1999).

As such, the period for over three-year pendency does not overlap only to the extent that the actual dates in the period beginning three years after the date on which the application was filed overlap with the actual dates in the periods for failure of the Office to take action within specified time frames.

In this instance, the relevant period under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B) in determining whether periods of delay “overlap” under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A) is the entire period during which the application was pending before the Office, July 3, 2003, to the date the patent issued on January 20, 2009. Prior to the issuance of the patent, 984 days of patent term adjustment were accorded for the Office failing to respond within a specified time frame during the pendency of the application. All of the 932 days for Office delay in issuing the patent overlap with the 984 days of Office examination delay. The Office did not delay 984 days and also delay an additional 932 days. Accordingly, as the 932 days attributable to the delay in the issuance of the patent overlap with the adjustment of 984 days attributable to grounds specified in § 1.702(a)(1), entry of both periods is not warranted.

In view thereof, no adjustment to the patent term insofar as 37 CFR 1.702(b) will be made.

As to patentees contention that the period of applicant delay is 104 days, a review of the record reveals that the correct period of applicant delay is 69 days. As reflected in the revised determination of adjustment, the adjustment of 984 days was properly reduced 62 days in accordance with 37 CFR 1.704(b) in connection with the reply to non-final Office action filed June 9, 2008.

Further review of the record reveals that, as reflected by patentees’ calculation of adjustment, the Office neglected to assess a post-allowance reduction. While patentees assert the correct reduction in connection with the priority documents submitted December 10, 2008 is 42 days, in accordance with 37 CFR 1.704(c)(10)(i), the adjustment of 984 days is properly reduced an additional seven days. The reduction commenced December 10, 2008, the date that the post-allowance submission was filed, and ended December 16, 2008, the date that a reply in response thereto was mailed.

Accordingly, at the time of issuance, the patent was entitled to an overall adjustment of 915 days.

Any request for reconsideration of this decision must be submitted within ONE MONTH of the mail date indicated herein. The time period for seeking reconsideration is not subject to extension under 37 CFR 1.136.

This application file will be forwarded to the Certificate of Corrections branch for issuance of a certificate of correction to indicate that the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 915 days.

The Office acknowledges submission of the required application fee of \$200.00. See, 37 CFR 1.18(e).

Telephone inquiries specific to this matter should be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3205.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Alesia M. Brown'.

Alesia M. Brown
Petitions Attorney
Office of Petitions

Enclosure: Draft Certificate of Correction

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT : 7,479,982 B2
DATED : January 20, 2009
INVENTOR(S) : Otani, et al.

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

On the cover page,

[*] Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 USC 154(b) by 922 days

Delete the phrase "by 922 days" and insert -- by 915 days--